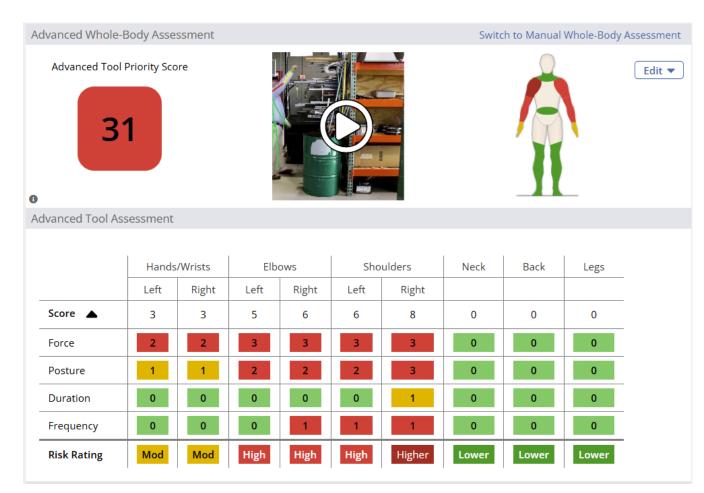
How the Industrial Ergonomics Software Calculates MSD Risk

VelocityEHS Industrial Ergonomics assesses the magnitude of the primary MSD risk factors—force, posture, duration, and frequency—to calculate an overall risk priority score for a task being assessed. The Advanced Whole-Body Assessment uses 3D motion capture technology to analyze human body postures, and duration and frequency of those postures, in a video of an operator performing the task. It combines this information with force data to determine the overall risk priority score.

Force, posture, duration, and frequency are scored for each of nine individual body regions based on the thresholds described in the following sections. These scores are added together to provide a score for each body region (0-11).

The body region scores are then added together to produce an overall **risk priority** score for the job (0-99).

One (1) additional point is added to the overall score if vibration is present, for a maximum score of 100.



Risk score calculation example in Industrial Ergonomics



Force (Measured)

Each body region (including left and right sides for the upper limbs) receives a **Force** score (0 – 4) based on the highest risk force recorded for the task. Different forces can affect different, and multiple, body regions. For *measured* hand/wrist-only forces (pinch grip, finger press, power grip), if force is present on both sides of the body, the full force value is applied to both hands/wrists. For *measured* elbow/shoulder forces, if force is present on both sides of the body, the force value is divided in half between the left and right sides. **Note:** Metric values are approximate; all metric weight values entered into the software are first converted to pounds (0.45 kg = 1 lb) to determine body region scores and risk levels.

Risk Category	Score	Hands/Wrists	Elbows/Shoulders (Unilateral)	Neck	Back	Legs		
	0	Below thresholds						
	1	Pinch grip ≥ 3 lb (1 kg) Finger press ≥ 3 lb (1 kg) Power grip ≥ 13 lb (6 kg)	Press down \geq 6 lb (3 kg) Lift/lower \geq 4 lb (2 kg) Pull across \geq 3 lb (1 kg) Push out (shoulder) \geq 7 lb (3 kg) Pull in (elbow) \geq 7 lb (3 kg) Pull down \geq 9 lb (4 kg)	PPE ≥ 2 lb (1 kg)	(Stoop or squat) lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 25 lb (11 kg) Whole-body push/pull (2 hands) ≥ 50 lb (23 kg)	Squat lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 25 lb (11 kg)		
High Forces	2	Pinch grip ≥ 5 lb (2 kg) Finger press ≥ 5 lb (2 kg) Power grip ≥ 19 lb (9 kg)	Press down \geq 10 lb (5 kg) Lift/lower \geq 6 lb (3 kg) Pull across \geq 5 lb (2 kg) Push out (shoulder) \geq 10 lb (5 kg) Pull in (elbow) \geq 11 lb (5 kg) Pull down \geq 13 lb (6 kg)	PPE ≥ 4 lb (2 kg)	(Stoop or squat) lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 33 lb (15 kg) Whole-body push/pull (2 hands) ≥ 57 lb (26 kg)	Squat lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 33 lb (15 kg)		
	3	Pinch grip ≥ 8 lb (4 kg) Finger press ≥ 9 lb (4 kg) Power grip ≥ 32 lb (9 kg)	Press down \geq 15 lb (7 kg) Lift/lower \geq 10 lb (5 kg) Pull across \geq 8 lb (4 kg) Push out (shoulder) \geq 17 lb (8 kg) Pull in (elbow) \geq 19 lb (9 kg) Pull down \geq 22 lb (10 kg)	PPE ≥ 8 lb (4 kg)	(Stoop or squat) lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 42 lb (19 kg) Whole-body push/pull (2 hands) ≥ 64 lb (29 kg)	Squat lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 42 lb (19 kg)		
	4	Pinch grip ≥ 10 lb (5 kg) Finger press ≥ 11 lb (5 kg) Power grip ≥ 41 lb (19 kg)	Press down ≥ 21 lb (9 kg) Lift/lower ≥ 12 lb (6 kg) Pull across ≥ 11 lb (5 kg) Push out (shoulder) ≥ 22 lb (10 kg) Pull in (elbow) ≥ 24 lb (11 kg) Pull down ≥ 29 lb (13 kg)	PPE ≥ 16 lb (7 kg)	(Stoop or squat) lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 50 lb (23 kg) Whole-body push/pull (2 hands) ≥ 71 lb (32 kg)	Squat lift/lower (2 hands) ≥ 50 lb (23 kg)		



Force (Estimated)

Estimated force values are calculated by combining the Borg Perceived Exertion rating (0-10) and Operator Strength capability value (below average, or above average). The associated **Force** scores (0-4) are determined in the same way as for measured forces.

Risk Category	Score	Estimated Force Thresholds	
	0	Below thresholds	
	1	≥ 2.5	
High Forces	2	≥ 3.5	
	3	≥ 4.5	
	4	≥ 7	

Posture

Each body region (including left and right sides for the upper limbs) receives a **Posture** score (0 – 3), based on the highest risk posture that occurs during the video for that body region.

Risk Category	Score	Hands/Wrists	Elbows*	Shoulders	Neck	Back	Legs
	1	Any bending ≥ 20°	Elbow angle (flexion) > 45° to 65°	Shoulder raised (flexion) ≥ 45°	Forward bend ≥ 25°	Forward bend (flexion) ≥ 30° Backward angle (flexion) ≤ -10° Twist (rotation) ≥ 30° Lateral bend ≥ 15°	Knee angle ≥ 45°
Awkward Postures	2	Any bending ≥ 45°	Elbow angle (flexion) > 20° to ≤ 45°	Shoulder raised (flexion) ≥ 90°	Forward bend ≥ 45°	Forward bend (flexion) ≥ 60° Backward angle (flexion) ≤ -15° Twist (rotation) ≥ 45° Lateral bend ≥ 30°	Knee angle ≥ 60°
	3	Any bending ≥ 60° to 90°	Elbow angle (flexion) -5° to ≤ 20°	Shoulder raised (flexion) ≥ 120°	Forward bend ≥ 65° to 80°	Forward bend (flexion) ≥ 90° Backward angle (flexion) ≤ -20° Twist (rotation) ≥ 90° Lateral bend ≥ 45°	Knee angle ≥ 90° to 150°

^{*} Elbow posture is scored only when shoulder angle $> 60^{\circ}$



Duration

Each body region (including left and right sides for the upper limbs) receives a **Duration** score (0-3).

Risk Category	Score	All Body Regions		
	1	The percent of time in high-risk postures (with scores of 2 or 3) is ≥ 10% of the frames that have data for that body region		
Long Duration	2	≥ 20%		
	3	≥ 30%		

Frequency

Each body region (including left and right sides for the upper limbs) receives a **Frequency** score (0-1).

Risk Category	Score	Hands/Wrists	All Other Body Regions
High Frequency	1		More than 3 occurrences/minute (average) of any <i>combination</i> of postures scored 1 or higher

